

Global Fit for BF and FF in $B \rightarrow D l \nu$ decay

Current status

$B \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu$ decays

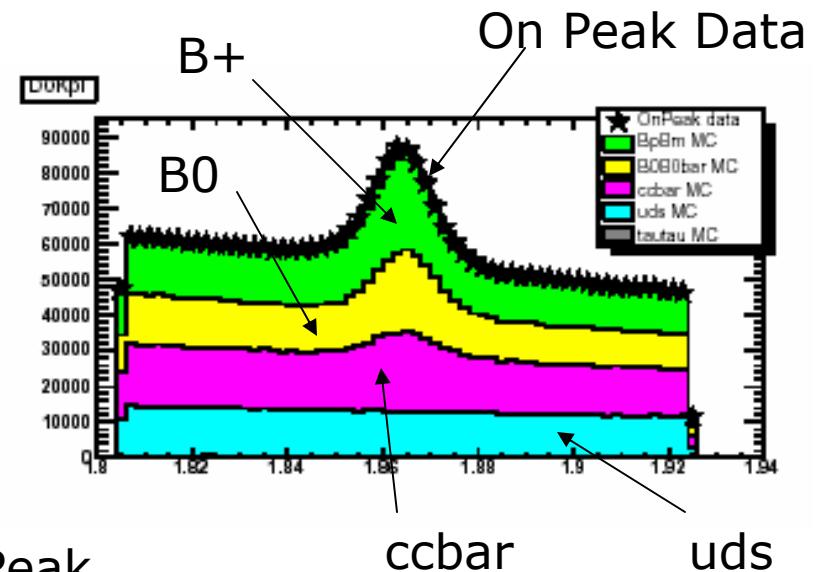
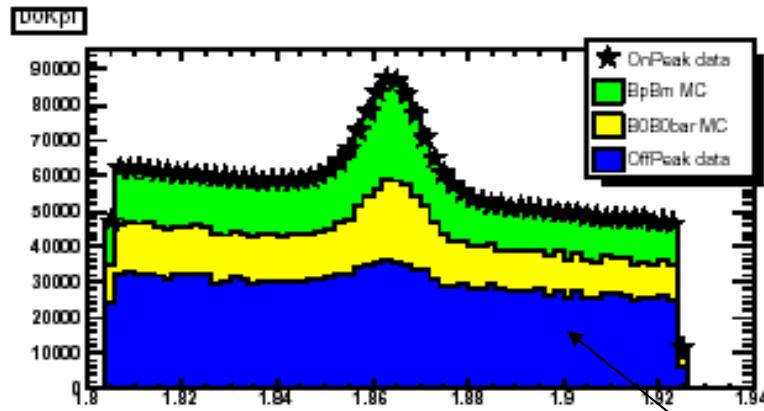
- Possible decay modes
- $B^0 \rightarrow D^- l^+ \nu$
 - > $D^{*-} l^+ \nu$
 - > $D^{**-} l^+ \nu$
 - > $D/D^{*-} \pi^0 l^+ \nu$
 - > $D/D^* \bar{D} \pi^- l^+ \nu$
- $B^+ \rightarrow D^0 \bar{D} l^+ \nu$
 - > $D^* \bar{D} l^+ \nu$
 - > $D^{**} \bar{D} l^+ \nu$
 - > $D/D^* \bar{D} \pi^- l^+ \nu$
 - > $D/D^{*-} \pi^0 l^+ \nu$
- $D^*/D^{**-} \rightarrow D^- \pi^0/\gamma$
 - > $D^0 \bar{D} \pi^-$
- $D^*/D^{**} \bar{D} \rightarrow D^0 \bar{D} \pi^0/\gamma$

Reconstruction of Dlnu

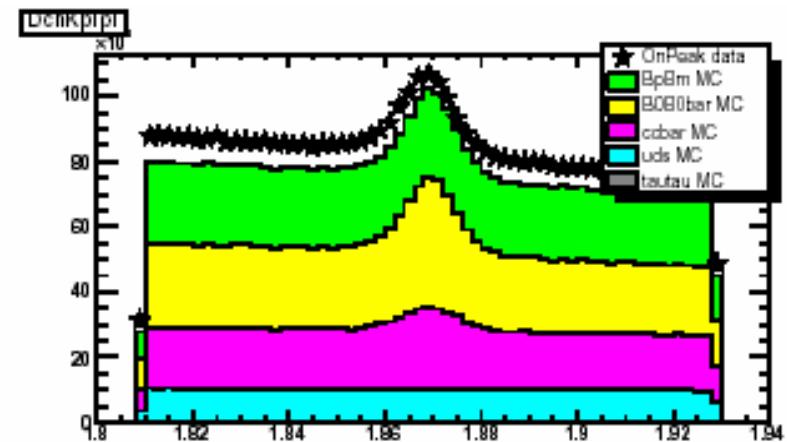
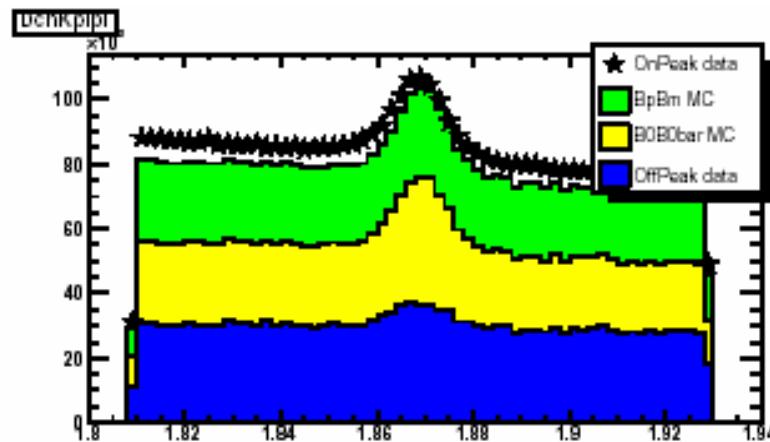
- Reconstruction of D0
 - 4 modes : $K^+ \pi^- <-$ I used only this mode
 - $K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
 - $K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
 - $K_s^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Reconstruction of D+
- 2 modes : $K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- <-$ I used only this mode
 - $K_s^0 \pi^+$
- Reconstruction of Dl
- Miss-reconstruction = background
 - D, l not from same B
 - Combination of D and "l from another D"
 -etc

D Mass Plot (after Bhabha veto)

D0 mass (KPi mode)



D+ mass (KPiPi mode)



Motivation (1)

- $B \rightarrow D\bar{\nu}\nu$ Branching Fraction (BF)/Branching Ratio (BR)
 - $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l \bar{\nu}$ problem : a lot of variation
 - 0.0459 ± 0.0063 (BELLE 2002)
 - 0.0490 ± 0.0042 (Babar 2005)
 - 0.0590 ± 0.0072 (DELPHI 2004)
 - 0.0609 ± 0.0059 (CLEO2 2003)
 - Inclusive and exclusive discrepancy
 - Inclusive $B^0 \rightarrow X l \bar{\nu}$: 0.105 ± 0.008 (PDG)
 - Exclusive $B^0 \rightarrow D^- l \bar{\nu}$: 0.0213 ± 0.0018
 $\rightarrow D^{*-} l \bar{\nu}$: 0.0520 ± 0.0024
 \rightarrow Others are small < 0.01
 - Does not add up to inclusive BR
- Form Factor (FF) parameters
 - $B \rightarrow D\bar{\nu}\nu$ FF is not well measured.

Motivation (2)

- Determine BFs of all $B \rightarrow D l \nu$ decay modes at once by fitting
- Using 3-D fit by
 - D momentum
 - Lepton momentum
 - cosBY
- Do not have to reconstruct D^*/D^{**} explicitly.
 - Do not have to worry about slow Pi or Pi0
 - $D^* \rightarrow D$
- Can be sensitive to FF parameters.
- D^+ have never been used in this kind of analysis.

Event Selection (1)

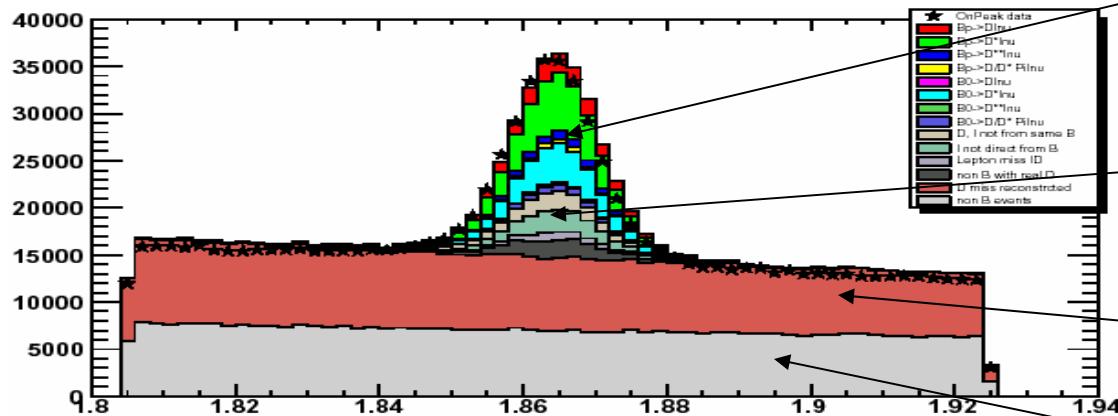
- BToDlnu skim
 - Select events including $B \rightarrow D/D^* l\nu$ candidates.
- Bhabha veto
 - Reject radiative Bhabha events.
- Tighter kaon selection
 - In reconstruction of D0, there was no kaon selection.
 - I applied a kaon selector (KMicroNotPionGTL) to reduce background
- Vertexing (by TreeFitter)
 - D vertexing
 - B vertexing

Event Selection (2)

- Thrust cut
 - Thrust axis = axis of sum of 3-momentum of tracks.
 - $\cos D\bar{l} \text{non} D\bar{l}$ = cosine of the angle between the thrust axis of $D\bar{l}$ tracks and non $D\bar{l}$ tracks.
 - B decay : isotropic.
 - > If $D\bar{l}$ tracks come from one B and non $D\bar{l}$ tracks come from the other B, $\cos D\bar{l} \text{non} D\bar{l}$ is flat.
 - ccbar, uds : forward backword dominant
 - > $\cos D\bar{l} \text{non} D\bar{l}$ has peaks at 1 and -1.
 - Applied $|\cos D\bar{l} \text{non} D\bar{l}| < 0.88$

D mass plot after selection

D0 mass (KPi mode)



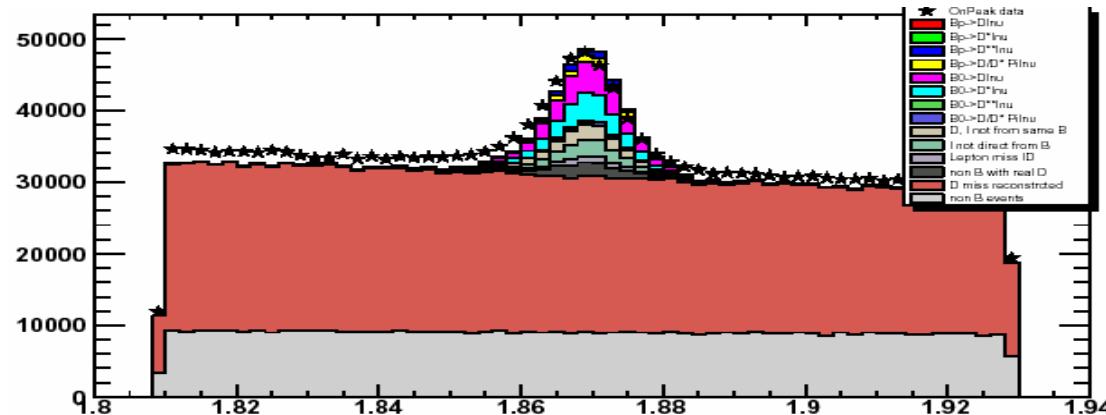
Signals

Peaking backgrounds from B and D

Continuum background from B

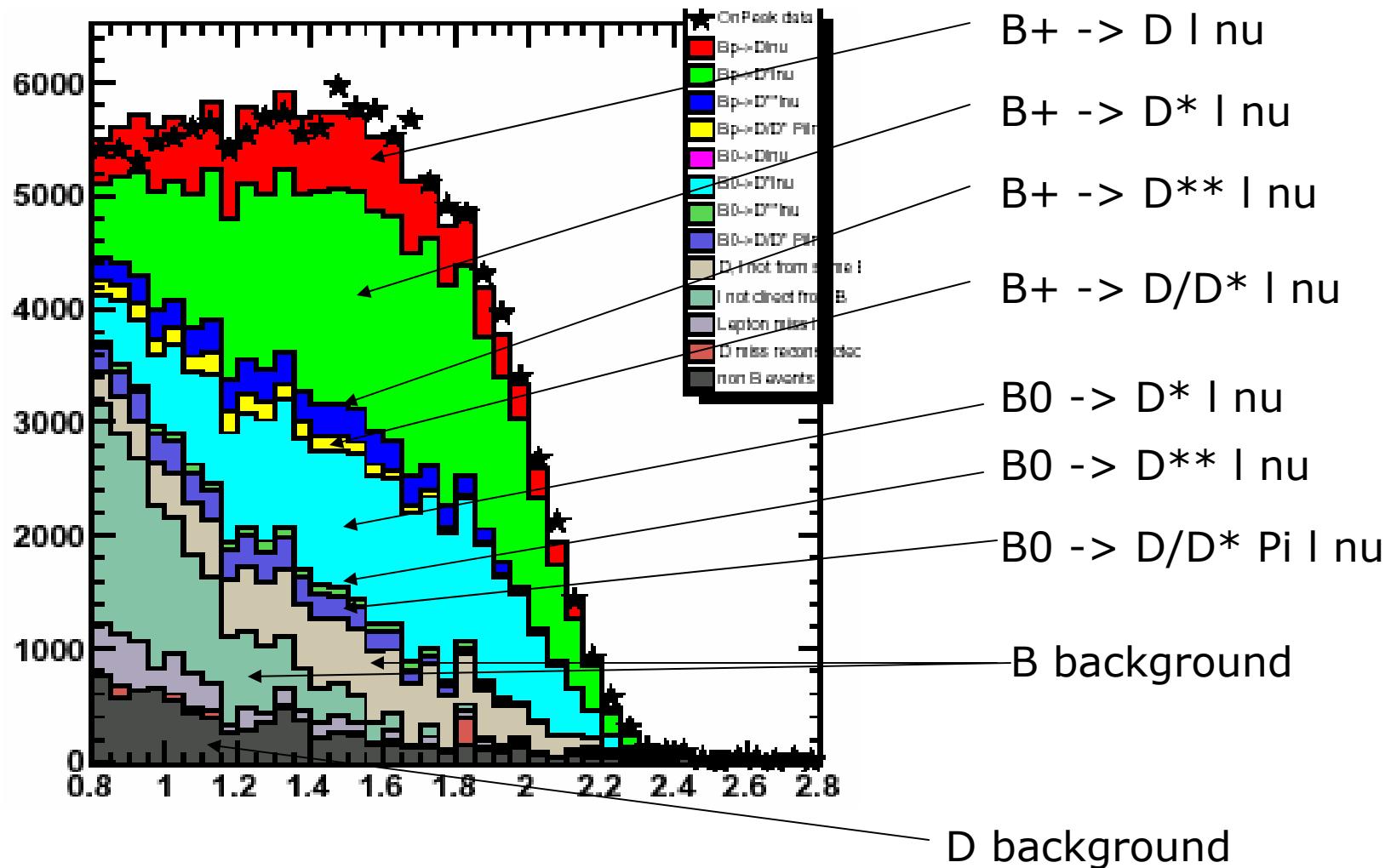
Continuum background from ccbar, uds and tau

D+ mass (KPiPi mode)

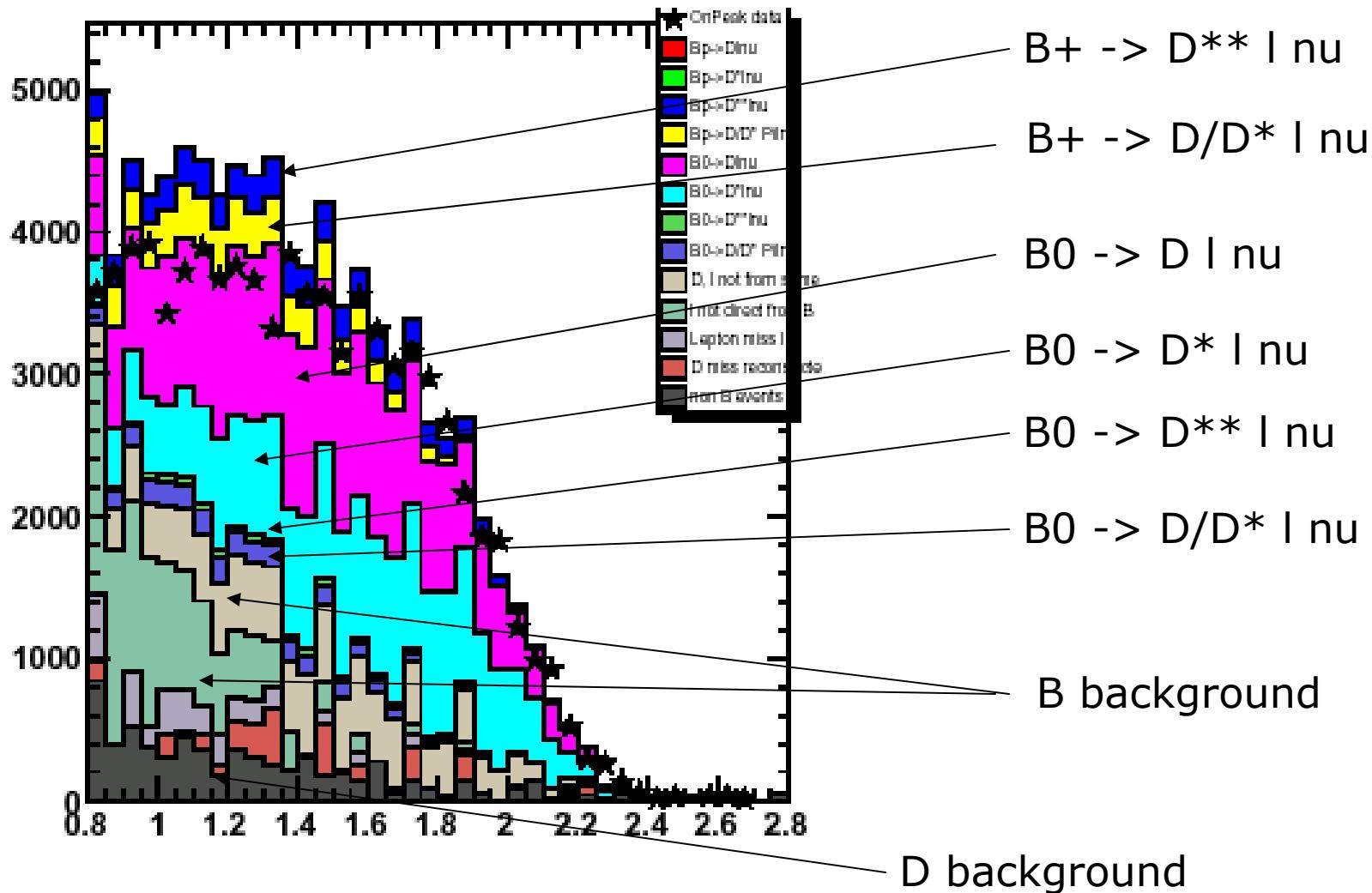


Do sideband subtraction to remove continuum background

Lepton momentum ($D^0 \rightarrow K\bar{p}$)

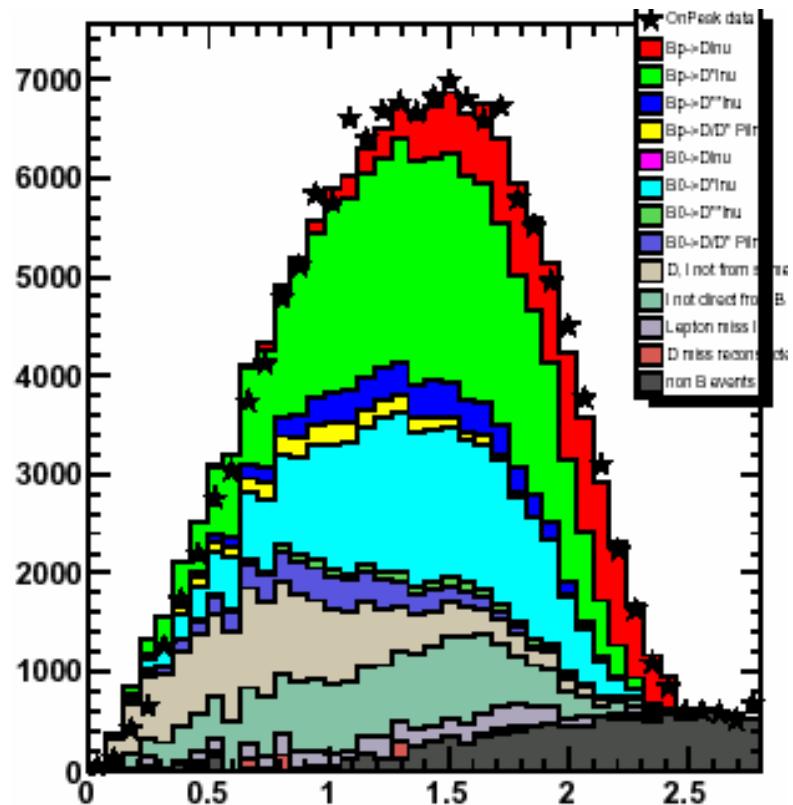


Lepton Momentum ($D^+ \rightarrow K\bar{p}i\bar{p}$)

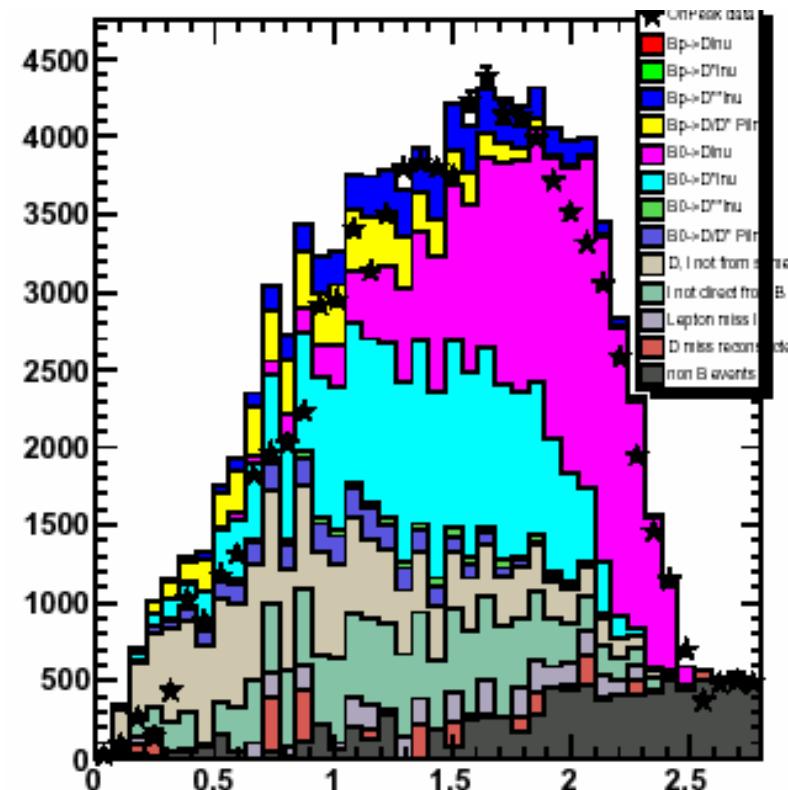


D momentum

D0



D+

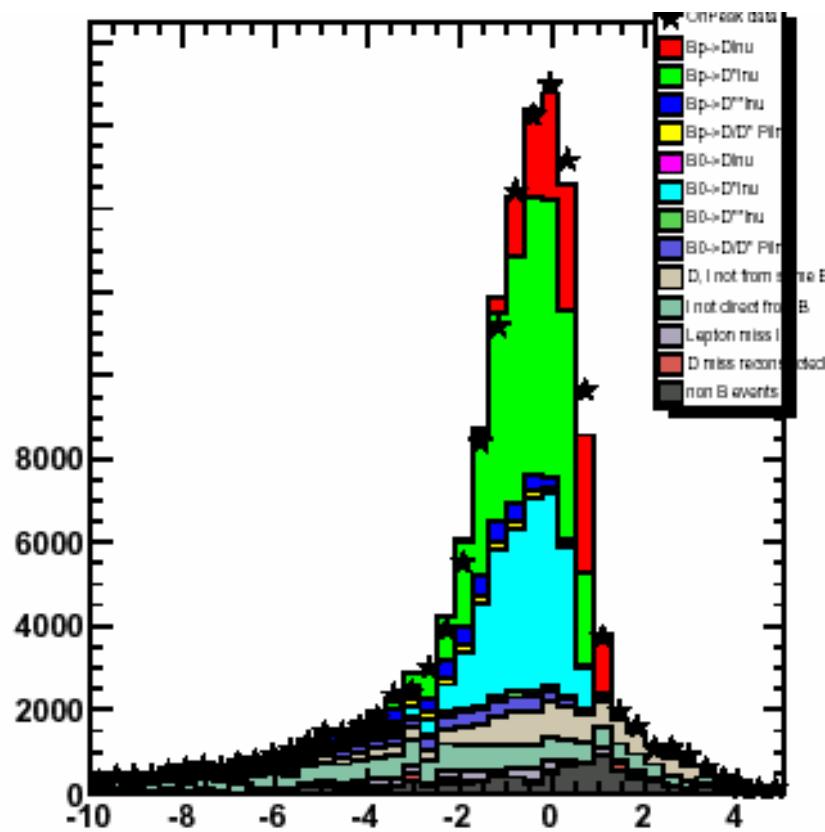


What is cosBY ?

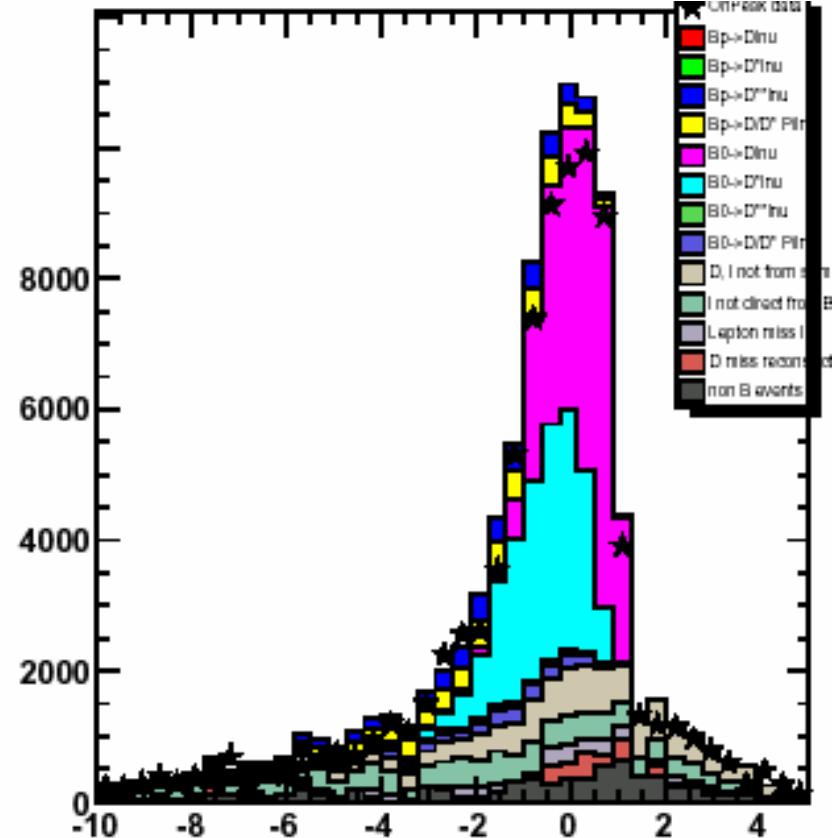
- Y is Dl combination in this case
- $\text{cosBY} = \text{cosine of the angle between}$
the direction of B
and
the direction of “D-l”
in the Y(4S) rest frame
- $-1 < \text{cosBY} < 1$ is expected, but....
This is not the case because of detector effects,
miss-reconstructions, additional pion from
higher D mass states or non-resonant DPilnu
decays, etc.

cosBY plot

D0



D+



Next step

- Perform 3D fit of BToDlnu candidates by lepton momentum, D momentum and cosBY.
- These three variables have a good discrimination power.
- RooFit is a good tool to do this.
- Try to extract BFs of
 - $B \rightarrow D l \nu$
 - $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$
 - $B \rightarrow D^{**} l \nu$
- And the slope of $B \rightarrow D l \nu$ FF (Form Factor).